

Virginia Employment Commission

Ellen Marie Hess Commissioner Post Office Box 1358 703 East Main Street Richmond, Virginia 23218-1358

For Release: March 27, 2020

Contact: Timothy Aylor, Senior Economist

Economic Information & Analytics Division

(804) 486-2624 or (804) 486-2473

Follow us on Twitter, http://twitter.com/VirginiaLMI.

Virginia's Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rate Declined 0.1 Percentage Point in February to 2.6 Percent

 Seasonally adjusted nonfarm employment rose by 11,100 jobs between January 2020 and February 2020—

RICHMOND—Virginia's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate declined 0.1 percentage point in February to 2.6 percent, which is 0.4 percentage point below the rate from a year ago. According to household survey data in February, the labor force expanded for the twentieth consecutive month by 8,789, or 0.2 percent, to set a new record high of 4,462,717, as the number of unemployed residents fell by 1,049. The number of employed residents increased by 9,838 to set a new high of 4,345,451. Virginia's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate continues to be below the national rate, which was little changed at 3.5 percent.

Virginia nonagricultural wage and salary employment, from the monthly establishment survey, rose by 11,100 jobs in February to 4,106,800. January's preliminary estimates were revised upward 4,000, adding to that month's job growth. In February, private sector employment increased by 10,300 jobs to 3,372,000, while public sector payrolls increased by 800 jobs to 734,800.

(more)

Toll Free: 1 (866) 832-2363 VRC/TDD VA Relay 711 E-Mail: customerservice@vec.virginia.gov Equal Opportunity Employer/Program

From January 2020 to February 2020, **seasonally adjusted** employment increased in seven major industry divisions and decreased in four. The largest job gain during February occurred in **leisure and hospitality** with a gain of 3,400 jobs to 423,400. Other employment gains included **finance** (2,400 jobs) to 217,200, **professional and business services** (2,400 jobs) to 779,600, **manufacturing** (2,100 jobs) to 242,500, **private education and health services** (2,100 jobs) to 563,800, and **information** (+500 jobs) to 69,000. The largest loss during February occurred in **construction** (-1,200 jobs) to 203,700. The second largest loss was **miscellaneous services** (-700 jobs) to 202,700. The third largest employment loss was **trade and transportation** (-600 jobs) to 662,400. For total government, gains occurred in federal government (600 jobs) and state government (200 jobs) while local government was unchanged.

Nonfarm Employment in Virginia* Seasonally Adjusted

Industry	Employment			January 2020 to February 2020		February 2019 to February 2020	
	February 2020	January 2020	February 2019	Change	% Change	Change	% Change
Total Nonfarm	4,106,800	4,095,700	4,043,400	11,100	0.3%	63,400	1.6%
Total Private Sector	3,372,000	3,361,700	3,316,300	10,300	0.3%	55,700	1.7%
Goods-Producing	453,900	453,100	454,500	800	0.2%	-600	-0.1%
Mining	7,700	7,800	7,900	-100	-1.3%	-200	-2.5%
Construction	203,700	204,900	202,500	-1,200	-0.6%	1,200	0.6%
Manufacturing	242,500	240,400	244,100	2,100	0.9%	-1,600	-0.7%
Service-Providing	3,652,900	3,642,600	3,588,900	10,300	0.3%	64,000	1.8%
Private Service-Providing	2,918,100	2,908,600	2,861,800	9,500	0.3%	56,300	2.0%
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	662,400	663,000	659,900	-600	-0.1%	2,500	0.4%
Information	69,000	68,500	67,400	500	0.7%	1,600	2.4%
Finance	217,200	214,800	210,700	2,400	1.1%	6,500	3.1%
Professional and Business Services	779,600	777,200	760,000	2,400	0.3%	19,600	2.6%
Education and Health Services	563,800	561,700	551,300	2,100	0.4%	12,500	2.3%
Leisure and Hospitality Services	423,400	420,000	410,600	3,400	0.8%	12,800	3.1%
Miscellaneous Services	202,700	203,400	201,900	-700	-0.3%	800	0.4%
Government	734,800	734,000	727,100	800	0.1%	7,700	1.1%
Federal Government	183,200	182,600	181,200	600	0.3%	2,000	1.1%
State Government	162,700	162,500	160,300	200	0.1%	2,400	1.5%
Local Government	388,900	388,900	385,600	0	0.0%	3,300	0.9%

 $[*]Current\ month's\ estimates\ are\ preliminary.$

From February 2019 to February 2020, BLS estimates that establishments in Virginia added 63,400 jobs, or 1.6 percent. Over-the-year employment growth in Virginia has been positive for 71 consecutive months and gained momentum in recent months. In February, the private sector recorded an over-the-year gain of 55,700 jobs, while employment in the public sector added 7,700 jobs.

Compared to a year ago, on a seasonally adjusted basis, nine of the eleven major industry divisions experienced employment gains, while two experienced employment losses. The largest over-the-year job gain occurred in professional and business services, up 19,600 jobs (+2.6 percent). The next largest over-the-year job gain occurred in leisure and hospitality, up 12,800 jobs (+3.1 percent). Private education and health services experienced the third largest over-the-year job gain of 12,500 jobs (+2.3 percent). Government experienced an over-the-year increase of 7,700 jobs (+1.1 percent). Within government, there were increases in local government employment (3,300 jobs), state government employment (2,400 jobs) and federal government employment (2,000 jobs). Other gains were in finance, up 6,500 jobs (+3.1 percent); trade and transportation, up 2,500 jobs (+0.4 percent); information, up 1,600 jobs (+2.4 percent); and construction, up 1,200 jobs (+0.6 percent). Job losses occurred in manufacturing, down 1,600 jobs (-0.7 percent), and mining, down 200 jobs (-2.5 percent).

Total Nonfarm Employment in Virginia* Seasonally Adjusted

Area	Employment			January 2020 to February 2020		February 2019 to February 2020	
	February 2020	January 2020	February 2019	Change	% Change	Change	% Change
Virginia	4,106,800	4,095,700	4,043,400	11,100	0.3%	63,400	1.6%
Blacksburg-Christiansburg- Radford MSA	78,500	78,400	78,500	100	0.1%	0	0.0%
Charlottesville MSA	122,700	122,800	119,900	-100	-0.1%	2,800	2.3%
Harrisonburg MSA	70,100	70,100	69,300	0	0.0%	800	1.2%
Lynchburg MSA	105,400	105,100	106,400	300	0.3%	-1,000	-0.9%
Northern Virginia MSA	1,534,600	1,529,700	1,504,400	4,900	0.3%	30,200	2.0%
Richmond MSA	698,000	695,800	685,000	2,200	0.3%	13,000	1.9%
Roanoke MSA	162,400	162,100	163,100	300	0.2%	-700	-0.4%
Staunton-Waynesboro MSA	52,200	52,000	51,600	200	0.4%	600	1.2%
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia/North Carolina MSA	800,100	798,500	796,000	1,600	0.2%	4,100	0.5%
Winchester, Virginia/West Virginia MSA	66,800	66,300	65,400	500	0.8%	1,400	2.1%

 $[*]Current\ month's\ estimates\ are\ preliminary.$

Seasonally adjusted total nonfarm employment data is produced for ten metropolitan areas. In February, eight metropolitan areas experienced over-the-month job gains, one was unchanged, and one experienced job loss. The largest absolute job gain occurred in Northern Virginia (+4,900 jobs). The second largest absolute job gain occurred in Richmond (+2,200 jobs). The third largest absolute job gain was in Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News (+1,600 jobs). Others with gains include Winchester (+500 jobs), Lynchburg (+300 jobs), Roanoke (+300 jobs), and Staunton-Waynesboro (+200 jobs). The sole job loss occurred in Charlottesville (-100 jobs).

Over the year, **seasonally adjusted** total nonfarm employment increased in seven of the ten metropolitan areas. The Northern Virginia metropolitan area experienced the largest absolute job gain, up

30,200 jobs (+2.0 percent). Richmond ranked second, with a gain of 13,000 jobs (+1.9 percent). Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News ranked third, with a gain of 4,100 jobs (+0.5 percent). The other over-the-year job gains occurred in Charlottesville (+2,800 jobs), Winchester (+1,400 jobs), Harrisonburg (+800 jobs), and Staunton (+600 jobs). Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford and Harrisonburg was unchanged over-the-year. Job losses occurred in Lynchburg (-1,000 jobs) and Roanoke (-700 jobs).

NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED DATA

Virginia's **unadjusted** unemployment rate fell 0.2 percentage point in February to 2.8 percent, and was down 0.3 percentage point from a year ago. Compared to a year ago, the number of unemployed decreased by 14,525, household employment increased by 108,004, and the labor force increased by 93,479. Virginia's not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate continues to be below the national unadjusted rate, which decreased 0.2 percentage point in February to 3.8 percent.

Compared to last month, the February **unadjusted** workweek for Virginia's 164,000 manufacturing production workers increased by 0.4 hour to 39.6 hours, average hourly earnings was unchanged at \$19.25, while average weekly earnings rose \$7.70 to \$762.30. Compared to last February, the unadjusted workweek decreased by 0.5 hour, average hourly earnings decreased by \$0.55, and average weekly earnings were lower by \$31.68.

Technical note: Estimates of unemployment and industry employment levels are obtained from two separate monthly surveys. Resident employment and unemployment data are mainly derived from the Virginia portion of the national Current Population Survey (CPS), a household survey conducted each month by the U.S. Census Bureau under contract with BLS, which provides input to the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program (often referred to as the "household" survey). Industry employment data is mainly derived from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey, a monthly survey of approximately 18,000 Virginia businesses conducted by BLS, which provides estimates of employment, hours, and earnings data broken down by industry for the nation as a whole, all states and most major metropolitan areas (often referred to as the "establishment" survey). Both industry and household estimates are revised each month based on additional information from updated survey reports compiled by the BLS.

The statistical reference week for the household survey this month was the week of February 9-15, 2020.

The Virginia Employment Commission plans to release the February local area unemployment rates on Wednesday, April 8, 2020. The data will be available on our website, $\underline{\text{www.VirginiaWorks.com}}$.

The March statewide unemployment rate and employment data for both the state and metropolitan areas are scheduled to be released on Friday, April 17, 2020.